Ultrasonic cleaning of the root canal

Bram Verhaagen^{*}, Lei-Meng Jiang[§], Luc van der Sluis[§], and Michel Versluis^{*}

* Physics of Fluids Group, University of Twente, Enschede, The Netherlands

[§] Department of Cariology, Endodontology and Pedodontology, Academic Center for Dentistry, Amsterdam, The Netherlands

A crucial step during a root canal treatment is the irrigation, where an antimicrobial fluid is injected into the root canal to eradicate all bacteria from the root canal system. Agitation of the fluid using an ultrasonically vibrating miniature file has shown a significant improvement in the cleaning efficacy over conventional syringe irrigation. However, the exact cleaning mechanisms, being acoustic streaming, cavitation of the fluid or a combined chemical effect, are not fully understood. Here we investigate ultrasonically activated irrigation through experiments and numerical simulations in order to understand the relative importance of the three cleaning mechanisms. We combine high-speed imaging and micro-Particle Imaging Velocimetry to visualize the flow pattern and onset of cavitation in a root canal model (sub-millimeter dimensions), at timescales relevant to the cleaning processes, which is of the order of microseconds. High-speed microPIV measurements of the acoustic streaming around an ultrasonically oscillating file are coupled to the oscillation characteristics of the file as simulated numerically and measured with a laser vibrometer. Comparison between the streaming pattern inside the root canal and in the free field shows the importance of the confinement of the root canals.